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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/981,642	10/16/2001	Peter Melchior	4535/25	7016
26646 KENYON & K	7590 04/03/2007 ENYON LLP	EXAMINER		
ONE BROADY		SHRESTHA, BIJENDRA K		
NEW YORK, N	NY 10004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3691	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/03/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/981,642	MELCHIOR ET A	MELCHIOR ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Bijendra K. Shrestha	3691					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application	1.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			•				
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected.							
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>14 March 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
<ul> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application								
	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>08/19/2002</u> 5) Information Patent Application  6) Other:							
•		•						

Art Unit: 3691

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 1. Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being unpatentable over Cornelius et al. U.S. Patent No. 7,069,234 (Reference G in attached PTO-892).
- 2. As per claim 1, Cornelius et al. teach a computerized system for facilitating transactions in goods, the system comprising:

means for allowing electronic procurement of a purchase order agreement between a seller and a buyer and relating to a transaction in one or more goods, and for electronically storing the purchase order agreement (see Figs 3- 10; where V-trade system provides means for e-procurement (302) and storage of purchase order agreements between a seller and a buyer);

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the seller has performed in connection with fulfilling the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 23-25);

Art Unit: 3691

means for electronically providing an opportunity for at least one of the seller and the buyer to obtain, through the system, cargo insurance relating to the one or more goods to insure against risk of loss in connection with shipment of the one or more goods in accordance with the transaction (see Fig. 62, Risk Management (6204); column 30, lines 44-46; column 28, lines 36-55); and

means for electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 31; Column 23, lines 15-31).

3. As per claim 2, Cornelius et al. teach a computerized system for facilitating transactions in goods, the system comprising:

means for allowing electronic procurement of a purchase order agreement between a seller and a buyer and relating to a transaction in one or more goods, and for electronically storing the purchase order agreement (see Figs 3- 10; where V-trade system provides means for e-procurement (302) and storage of purchase order agreements between a seller and a buyer);

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the seller has performed in connection with fulfilling the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 23-25);

means for electronically providing an opportunity for at least one of the seller and the buyer to obtain, through the system, cargo insurance relating to the one or more goods to insure against risk of loss in connection with shipment of the one or more

Art Unit: 3691

goods in accordance with the transaction (see Fig. 62, Risk Management (6204); column 30, lines 44-46; column 28, lines 36-55);

means for electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 31; Column 23, lines 15-31);

means for electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 18-20, steps 1808, 1812; where due diligence check is made prior to authorizing payment to seller by the Bank); and

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the buyer has made one or more payments in connection with fulfilling buyer's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 19, step 5; where bank authorizes payment under buyer's VTrade line of credit via VTrade Enterprise and reconciles account with VTrade).

4. As per claims 3-16 and 20-24, Cornelius et al. teach means for electronically providing an opportunity for at least one of the seller and the buyer to obtain, through the system, cargo insurance relating to the one or more goods to insure against risk of loss in connection with shipment of the one or more goods in accordance with the transaction (see Fig. 62, Risk Management (6204); column 30, lines 44-46; column 28, lines 36-55).

The Examiner notes, shipping options and terms, and details of cargo insurance is not functionally related to the substrate of the method. Thus, this descriptive material

Art Unit: 3691

not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, see *Cf. In re Gulack, 703 F.2d 1381 , 1385, 217 USPQ 401 , 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983)., In re Lowry, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).* 

5. As per claim 17, Cornelius et al. teach claim 2 as described above. Cornelius et al. further teach the system comprising

means for the system evaluating whether a first set of payment guarantee criteria are met, and means for, if the first set of payment guarantee criteria are evaluated to be met, the system providing a payment guarantee to the seller to guarantee payment by the buyer in connection with the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 11-12, 15).

6. As per claim 18, Cornelius et al. teach claim 17 as described above. Cornelius et al. further teach the system wherein

the first set of criteria comprises at least one of a credit exposure of the buyer being evaluated by the system to be within a specified maximum credit exposure (see Fig. 11, 12 and 15), and

the seller being evaluated by the system to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 23-25).

7. As per claim 19, Cornelius et al. teach claim 2 as described above. Cornelius et al. further teach the system wherein

the means for electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement comprises means for electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with at least a portion of the

Art Unit: 3691

seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 31; Column 23, lines 15-31), and wherein

means for electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement comprises means for electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the at least a portion of the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 18-20, steps 1808, 1812; where due diligence check is made prior to authorizing payment to seller by the Bank);.

8. As per claim 25, Cornelius et al teach a computenzed system for facilitating transactions in goods or services, the system comprising:

means for allowing electronic procurement of a purchase order agreement between a seller and a buyer and relating to a transaction in one or more goods or services, and for electronically storing the purchase order agreement (see Figs 3-10; where V-trade provides means for e-procurement (302) and storage of purchase order agreements between a seller and a buyer);

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the seller has performed in connection with fulfilling the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 23-25);

means for electronically providing an opportunity for at least one of the seller and the buyer to obtain, through the system, cargo insurance relating to the one or more goods or services to insure against at least one of risk of loss in connection with

Art Unit: 3691

shipment of at least one of the one or more goods in accordance with the transaction, and risk of loss in connection with nonperformance of at least one of the one or more services (see Fig. 62, Risk Management (6204); column 30, lines 44-46; column 28, lines 36-55);

means for electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 31; Column 23, lines 15-31);

means for electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 18-20, steps 1808, 1812; where due diligence check is made prior to authorizing payment to seller by the Bank); and

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the buyer has made one or more payments in connection with fulfilling buyer's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 19, step 5; where bank authorizes payment under buyer's VTrade line of credit via VTrade Enterprise and reconciles account with VTrade).

9. As per claim 26, Cornelius et al teach computerized method for facilitating transactions in goods, the method comprising:

allowing electronic procurement of a purchase order agreement between a seller and a buyer and relating to a transaction in one or more goods, and electronically storing the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 10);

Art Unit: 3691

receiving and storing electronic evidence that the seller has performed in connection with fulfilling the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 23-25);

electronically providing an opportunity for at least one of the seller and the buyer to obtain, through the system, cargo insurance relating to the one or more goods to insure against risk of loss in connection with shipment of the one or more goods in accordance with the transaction(see Fig. 62, Risk Management (6204); column 30, lines 44-46; column 28, lines 36-55); and

electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 31; Column 23, lines 15-31).

10. As per claim 27, Cornelius et al. teach a computerized method for facilitating transactions in goods, the method

allowing electronic procurement of a purchase order agreement between a seller and a buyer and relating to a transaction in one or more goods, and electronically storing the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 10);

receiving and storing electronic evidence that the seller has performed in connection with fulfilling the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 23-25);

electronically providing an opportunity for at least one of the seller and the buyer to obtain, through the system, cargo insurance relating to the one or more goods to insure against risk of loss in connection with shipment of the one or more goods in

Art Unit: 3691

accordance with the transaction (see Fig. 62, Risk Management (6204); column 30, lines 44-46; column 28, lines 36-55);

electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 31; Column 23, lines 15-31);

electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig 18-20, steps 1808, 1812; where due diligence check is made prior to authorizing payment to seller by the Bank); and

receiving and storing electronic evidence that the buyer has made one or more payments in connection with fulfilling buyer's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement (see Fig. 19, step 5; where bank authorizes payment under buyer's VTrade line of credit via VTrade Enterprise and reconciles account with VTrade).

## Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

Art Unit: 3691

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

11. Claims 1, 2, 17-19, and 25-27 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting over claims 1, 4, 11-15, 17-20, 22 and 23 of copending Application No. 09/981626; claims 1-3, 19-21, and 34-37 of copending Application No. 09/981645; and claims 1, 5, 21-23, 26, and 29 of copending Application No. 09/981637. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows:

means for allowing electronic procurement of a purchase order agreement between a seller and a buyer and relating to a transaction in one or more goods, and for electronically storing the purchase order agreement;

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the seller has performed in connection with fulfilling the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement;

means for electronically evaluating whether the seller has complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement;

Art Unit: 3691

means for the system evaluating whether a first set of payment guarantee criteria are met, and means for, if the first set of payment guarantee criteria are evaluated to be met, the system providing a payment guarantee to the seller to guarantee payment by the buyer in connection with the purchase order agreement;

the first set of criteria comprises at least one of a credit exposure of the buyer being evaluated by the system to be within a specified maximum credit exposure the seller being evaluated by the system to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement;

means for electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement comprises means for electronically providing a payment instruction if the seller has been evaluated to have complied with the at least a portion of the seller's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement; and

means for receiving and storing electronic evidence that the buyer has made one or more payments in connection with fulfilling buyer's obligations as defined by the purchase order agreement.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

Art Unit: 3691

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosures. The following are pertinent to current invention, though not relied upon:

Conklin et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,141,653) teach system for interactive multivariate negotiations over a network.

Giovannoli (U.S. Patent No. 5,842,178) teaches computerized quotation system and method.

Harrel et al. (U.S. Pub No. 2002/0156656) teach method for selling marine cargo insurance in a network environment.

Huffman (U.S. Patent No. 5,870,711) teaches method and system for management of cargo claims.

Leonard, Adrian ((Journal of Commerce, Nov 4, 1998) teaches cargo insurance offered by Lloyd's via Internet.

Lerner (U.S. Pub No. 2002/0120555) teaches system and method for physicals commodity trading.

Tarnef, Barry (Risk management, Sep, 1993) teaches safeguarding shipments when going global.

Wong (U.S. Patent No. 6,115,690) integrated business-to-business web commerce and business automation system.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bijendra K. Shrestha whose telephone number is

Application/Control Number: 09/981,642 Page 13

Art Unit: 3691

(571)270-1374. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00AM-4:30PM (Monday-Friday); 2nd Friday OFF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alexander Kalinowski can be reached on (571) 272-6771. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

**BKS** 

ALEXANDER KALINOWSKI SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Alexander dale rond